



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Assessment Tally

- 1) What does a variable do in programming?
  - a) Stores a value
  - b) Changes the color of the screen
  - c) Calculates the speed of the spaceship
  - d) Creates a new button
  
- 2) What should you do if you want to start counting button presses from zero?
  - a) Use the set press count block with a value of 1
  - b) Use the set press count block with a value of 0
  - c) Use the change press count block
  - d) Remove the press count variable
  
- 3) What does the repeat while true block do in the program?
  - a) It stops the program from running
  - b) It loops the code inside it as long as the condition is true
  - c) It creates a new button
  - d) It changes the variable value
  
- 4) Why is the wait until block used in the code?
  - a) To stop the program from running
  - b) To create a new variable
  - c) To wait for a button press before proceeding
  - d) To change the button's color
  
- 5) How does the program keep track of the time during button presses?
  - a) By changing the button color every second
  - b) By creating a new button every second
  - c) By resetting the press count to zero
  - d) By using a timer that stops after 10 seconds
  
- 6) How might you use the button press counter program in a real-world application?  
Describe a scenario where this type of program could be useful.



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7) Imagine you want to add a feature to the button press counter program displaying a message when pressed 10 times. How would you modify the existing code to include this feature?

8) The project code counts the number of times a button is pressed within 10 seconds and plays a sound when the count reaches 6. Imagine you want to play a different sound when the count reaches 3 instead. How would you modify the code to include this feature?



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## Answer Key Tally

- 1) A - Stores a value
- 2) B - Use the set press count block with a value of 0
- 3) B - It loops the code inside it as long as the condition is true
- 4) C - To wait for a button press before proceeding
- 5) D - By using a timer that stops after 10 seconds
- 6) *Example:* The button press counter program could be used in a game where players try to press a button as many times as possible within a specific time limit. This could be useful for creating a fun and competitive game or for testing users' speed and reaction times.
- 7) *Example:* To display a message when the button is pressed 10 times, you would add an if block to check if the press count variable equals 10. Inside this if block, you would use a print block to show the message. You would place this if block after the change press count block and before the print block that shows the press count.
- 8) *Example:*

```
## ---- Imports ---- ##
import time
import board
from digitalio import Pull
from piper_blockly import *

## ---- Definitions ---- ##
press_count = None
_clock_start = time.monotonic() + 0.09 # adjust for startup time
def chip_clock():
    global _clock_start
    return time.monotonic() - _clock_start

GP7 = piperPin(board.GP7, "GP7")

try:
    set_digital_view(True)
except:
    pass
```



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```
## ---- Code ---- ##
press_count = 0
while chip_clock() <= 10:
    while not ((not GP7.checkPin(Pull.UP))):
        pass
    while not ((GP7.checkPin(Pull.UP))):
        pass
    press_count = isNumber(press_count) + 1
    print(press_count)
    if press_count == 6:
        playSound("winloose-go1")
    if press_count == 3: # New feature added
        playSound("winloose-go2") # Play a different sound when the count
reaches 3
```

*Explanation:*

To add a feature that plays a different sound when the count reaches 3, we add an `if` statement that checks if `press_count` equals 3. Inside this `if` statement, we use `playSound("winloose-go2")` to play the desired sound. You should replace `"winloose-go2"` with the sound you want to play.